BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
BUSINESS STUDIES

1. Business Studies is an interdisciplinary subject that connects with various other subjects in many ways. Explain how Business Studies is related to the following subjects, providing practical examples in each subject:
   (a) Mathematics
   (b) Music and Theatre Arts
   (c) Language Subjects
   (d) Agriculture
2. Neema has recently completed his secondary education and saved TZS 1000,000. She is considering how to use his saving. She has three options

- Option 1: Enrolling in short computer course to improve his skills.
- Option 2: Using the money to start small poultry business
- Option 3: Buying motor cycle to use for transportation services

   After careful consideration. Neema decide to invest in the poultry business
   (a) Define scarcity
   (b) Opportunity cost
   (c) Besed on Neema decision, identify his opportunity cost
3. Neema visited a supermarket to buy items for her family. She purchased milk, sugar, soap, an apple, a television and a mattress.
   (a) Identify two durable goods and two non-durable goods from the items purchased by Neema.
   (b) Explain the meaning of durable goods and non-durable goods.
   (c) Give two other examples of durable goods commonly used in schools.
4. Salim is considering taking a loan from a micro-finance institution to expand his business. However, the loan officer asked him to explain the purpose of that business. Basing on this scenario, help Salim to explain six his business purpose.
5. Human wants are unlimited while resources are scarce" justify this statement by explaining three other features of human wants. Give three points.
6. "Dar es salaam is the business hub of Tanzania". How would you summarize this statement by explain six characteristics of business activities carried out by Tanzanian community? Give six points.
7. Dar es Salaam is the businesses hub in Tanzania. How would you summaries this statement by considering business activities carried out by Tanzania community. Six points
8. Human needs and wants can be satisfied using either goods or services, using business knowledge you have, analyze five characteristics of goods with differentiate them from services.
9. Briefly explain the three types of entrepreneurship.
10. The scope of Business Studies includes various components that provide comprehensive understanding of how business operates successfully in today's economy. Identify six components of business studies.
11. Angela transported woods from Mufindi last year. She used them to make different furniture. Briefly, explain the business processes that Angela need to conduct for the furniture to reach the final consumers. Use four (04) points.
12. It is important anyone to have business studies knowledge, so as life will be good to everyone, as we are facing the problem of employment to most youths found in Tanzania. By knowing this, all form one students choose to study business studies. Describe the six reasons for their decision.
13. With examples, briefly explain any five entrepreneurial activities that are conducted in your societies.

14. Sheshe started a small carpentry workshop in which he produces furniture and ensure customers get quality products. Basing on this case study, explain six the roles played by Sheshe as an Enterpreneur in the production process in workshop.
15. Entrepreneurship it is very crucial and important to every person who engage on it and those who does not practice it. Basing on this case study, using the knowledge of entrepreneurship, explain six importance of entrepreneurship to the society.
16. The form one students at Miembeni secondary school were told to identify two successful entrepreneurs in Kilimanjaro region. Basing on this scenario, by using six points explain which entrepreneurship characteristics did they consider as criteria for their identification?
17. Entrepreneurship is the process which acquire business management skills for an entrepreneur to manage various aspects of the business. Basing on this scenario explain six entrepreneurial skills that should be possessed by an entrepreneur.
18. Entrepreneurship is a process of establishing and managing enterprises based on existing business opportunities. Basing on this statement elaborate six (6) factors that may inhibit entrepreneurial development in a country like Tanzania.
19. Entrepreneurship is a process of establishing and managing enterprises based on existing business opportunities. Basing on this statement elaborate six (6) factors that promotes entrepreneurial development in a country like Tanzania.
20. Entrepreneurs have many attributes (traits) that affect entrepreneurial behavior and enterprising tendencies. Describe six (06) special traits need to be possessed by successful entrepreneurs.
21. Joan is a business woman, keeps all profit after tax has been paid and is responsible for any loss which may be encounter by the business. Identify the kind of business owned by Joan and describe five (05) challenges facing the business owned by Joan.
22. During the inter-school debate competition, you met s form one student from Mpambanaji Secondary school arguing on whether entrepreneurs are being born or made. Based on the five (05) theories of entrepreneurship you have learnt, help him to understand about the entrepreneurship.
23. Faustina owns a business in which he enjoys the profits and takes responsibility in case of loss. Identify and describe five (05) main features of the business owned by faustina.
24. Salim group intend to open micro-finance enterprises after completing their ordinary level education. As an expert advise them on the six necessary skills they will need to have in order to successfully operate their enterprises.
25. Sole proprietorship remains the most dominant form of business organization in Tanzania town centers and rural markets. Despite its high popularity, owners face severe structural limitations that prevent long-term expansion. Analyze the sole proprietorship form of business by exploring three major advantages and three major disadvantages it possesses.
26. Mwaipopo owns a business in which he enjoys the profit and takes responsibility in case of loss. Describe five features of the business Based on the challenges faced by sole proprietorship in your local community, choose any business which you can establish and write a report to propose creative six ways or solutions to address the challenges you might encounter.
27. Mussa owns and operates a small retail shops business around our school. Briefly describe five steps in forming the type of business owned and operated by Mussa.
28. (a) Sharom is alone and wishes to start a new business. She is willing to bear the risk and contribute all capital for the business establishment. What type of business is Sharom likely to form?
    (b) Explain six advantages of the business Sharom is likely to form.

29. When an individual plan to start a business, the objective is to earn profit. However, there number of factors to be taken into consideration before starting any business. Explain six factors to be considered in establishing a sole proprietorship business.
30. For the business club to work effective so as to bring something of value it must have a simple and understandable constitution which will guide direct all activities carried out by the club. By using the knowledge, you have in business matters, mention five components of a simple constitution of business club.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

Answer all questions

1. Study the problems below and answer the questions that follow:

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
(a) Computer won't start	_____	_____
(b) Screen is blank	_____	_____
(c) Computer is slow	_____	_____

(b) Mention **two common causes of slow internet connection**.

2. (a) List two components of a computer system.
(b) Explain three main parts of the CPU and their functions.
3. (a) What is **software**?
(b) List the **three main types of software**.
(c) Give **two functions of computer software**.

4. (a) Define **disk cleanup** and **disk defragmentation**.
(i) Disk Cleanup
(ii) Disk Defragmentation
(b) Mention three examples of secondary storage devices.
(c) Explain the **difference between computer virus and malware**.

5. List four common data types in C++. (10 Marks)

6. (a) Define a flowchart. (2.5 Marks)

……

(b) Draw and name five basic symbols used in flowchart. (7.5 Marks)

7. **Identify and correct all the errors** so that the program works correctly. (10 Marks)

```
# include iostream
using namespace std
int main(
cout << "Hello world!" << end
return 0;
```

8. Write a C++ if-statement program that checks whether a user's age is greater than or equal to 18 and displays "You are an adult."

9. Define a C++ compiler and explain its main function. Describe the step-by-step process of what happens from the moment you write C++ source code to when the program actually runs on a computer.
10. Below is a basic C++ program layout. Explain the purpose of each component: #include <iostream>, using namespace std;, int main(), { ... }, and return 0;

11. What is a variable in C++? List and explain the primary built-in data types (int, float, char, bool, double) and give an example of a valid value stored in each.
12. Explain how std::cin and std::cout work to interact with the user. Describe the function of the insertion operator (<<) and extraction operator (>>) with a code example.
13. List five rules for naming variables (identifiers) in C++. Provide two examples of valid variable names and two examples of invalid variable names, explaining why the invalid ones fail.
14. Differentiate between arithmetic, relational, and logical operators in C++. Provide one symbol and example expression for each type.
15. Explain how the if, else if, and else control structures work to make decisions in a C++ program. Write a short pseudocode or C++ snippet that checks if a student passed a test (score of 50 or higher).
16. Compare a for loop and a while loop. Explain the three main parts of a for loop header (initialization, condition, and increment/decrement) and state when you would use one over the other.
17. Differentiate between a **syntax error** and a **logical error** in C++. Provide a concrete example of how each error occurs during programming.
18. Explain the two ways to write comments in C++ (single-line and multi-line syntax). Why are comments and proper code indentation important when writing software?
19. Explain what a function is in C++ and why breaking a large program into smaller functions (modular programming) is useful. Describe the difference between a function declaration (prototype), a function definition, and a function call.
20. What is a one-dimensional array in C++? Explain how array elements are stored in memory, how 0-based indexing works, and give an example of how to declare an array of integers and access its elements.
21. When would you use a `switch` statement instead of a long chain of `if...else if` statements? Explain the specific roles of the `case`, `break`, and `default` keywords within a `switch` block.
22. What is a constant variable in C++ and why is using constants a good programming practice? Explain how to declare a constant using the `const` keyword and what happens if your program attempts to change its value later.
23. Differentiate between implicit type conversion (automatic promotion done by the compiler) and explicit type casting (manual conversion). Provide a simple scenario or example for each type.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
DESIGN, SEWING AND CLOTH TECHNOLOGY

1. Differentiate between stitch and seam. Describe types of seams and stitch.
2. Draw human figures (man, woman and child) with proportion. (draw separate in drawing book)
3. Explain surface design, with the aid of diagram elaborate types of surface design
4. What is fashion accessories, with the aid of diagram clearly show different fashion accessories
5. What is crotching, with aid of diagram elaborate procedure of crotching for beginner with the following basic stiches
    i. Chain stitch
    ii. Slip stitch
    iii. Single crotchet
    iv. Half double crotchet
    v. Double crotchet
    vi. Treble crotchet
    vii. Double treble crotchet

NB: make sure you know how to make them practically

As an upcoming designer illustrate different wears for different 5 occasion of men and women, show color mixing and combination. (Draw in drawing book)

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
ENGINEERING SCIENCE

PRESSURE

1. A rectangular metal block has a mass of 240 kg and rests on a horizontal surface measuring 2.0 m by 1.5 m. Calculate: (a) the weight of the block, (b) the area of contact with the surface, and (c) the pressure exerted on the surface. Take g = 9.8 m/s².

2. A woman weighing 650 N stands on one high-heeled shoe. The area of contact between the heel and the floor is 4.0 × 10□□ m². Calculate the pressure exerted on the floor. Explain why a sharp heel produces greater pressure than a flat shoe.

3. A heavy truck and a small car are parked on soft ground. Explain why the truck is usually fitted with wider tyres. Use the relationship between force, area and pressure in your explanation.

4. A force of 1,200 N acts normally on a surface and produces a pressure of 60,000 Pa. Calculate the area of the surface.

5. A water tank contains water to a depth of 5 m. Calculate the pressure due to the water at the bottom of the tank. Take the density of water as 1000 kg/m³ and g = 9.8 m/s².

6. Explain why dams are constructed with thicker walls at the bottom than at the top. Discuss how liquid pressure changes with depth.

7. A hydraulic press has a small piston with an area of 0.02 m² and a large piston with an area of 0.50 m². A force of 300 N is applied to the small piston. Calculate: (a) the pressure produced and (b) the force exerted by the large piston.

HOOKS LAW QUESTIONS

8. A spring extends by 4 cm when a load of 8 N is attached to it. Calculate the spring constant. Determine the extension produced when a force of 20 N is applied, assuming the elastic limit is not exceeded.

9. State Hooke's Law and explain the meaning of the elastic limit. What happens to a material when the applied force exceeds its elastic limit?

10. A metal wire has an original length of 1.8 m and a cross-sectional area of 2.5 × 10□□ m². A force of 1,000 N is applied. Calculate the stress produced in the wire.

11. A spring with a spring constant of 250 N/m is compressed by 0.08 m. Calculate: (a) the force required to compress it and

LINEAR MOTION QUESTIONS

12. A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly at 3 m/s² for 12 seconds. Calculate: (a) its final velocity and (b) the distance travelled during this time.

13. A motorcycle travelling at 25 m/s comes to rest uniformly in 5 seconds. Calculate: (a) its acceleration and (b) the distance travelled before stopping.

14. Explain the difference between distance and displacement. Give an example of a person moving in which the distance travelled is greater than the magnitude of the displacement.

15. A train travelling at 15 m/s accelerates uniformly at 2 m/s² for 10 seconds. It then travels at a constant velocity for 20 seconds. Calculate the total distance travelled.

16. A stone is dropped from the top of a building and reaches the ground after 4 seconds. Calculate: (a) its final velocity and (b) the height of the building. Take g = 9.8 m/s².

17. Describe the difference between uniform motion and uniformly accelerated motion. Explain how each type of motion can be represented using a velocity-time graph.

18. A bus increases its velocity from 10 m/s to 28 m/s over a distance of 171 m. Calculate its acceleration using an appropriate equation of motion.

19. Two vehicles travel along the same straight road. Vehicle A moves at a constant speed of 20 m/s. Vehicle B starts from rest and accelerates uniformly at 4 m/s². Calculate the time taken for Vehicle B to reach the same velocity as Vehicle A and the distance travelled by Vehicle B during that time.

STATIC ELECTRICITY

20. Two charged through friction, including the movement of charges of $+4 \times 10^{\square\square}$ C and $+6 \times 10^{\square\square}$ C are separated by a distance of 0.30 m in air. Calculate the electrostatic force between them. Take $k = 9.0 \times 10^{\square}$ Nm²/C².

21. Explain the difference between conductors and insulators. Give three examples of each and explain their importance in electrical installations.

22. A charge of 0.004 C passes through a conductor. Calculate the number of electrons involved. Take the charge of one electron as $1.6 \times 10^{\square^{1}\square}$ C.

23. A student rubs a plastic ruler with a dry cloth and then brings it close to small pieces of paper. Explain why the paper pieces are attracted to the ruler.

24. Two identical charged spheres carry charges of $+2 \times 10^{\square\square}$ C and $-3 \times 10^{\square\square}$ C. They are separated by 0.5 m. Calculate the magnitude of the force between them and state whether the force is attractive or repulsive.

CURRENT ELECTRICITY

25. A current of 2.5 A flows through a conductor for 8 minutes. Calculate the quantity of electric charge that passes through the conductor.

26. A resistor of 12 Ω is connected to a 24 V supply. Calculate: (a) the current flowing through the resistor and (b) the electrical power consumed.

27. Define electric current, voltage and resistance. Explain the relationship between these quantities using Ohm's Law.

28. Three resistors of 4 Ω, 6 Ω and 10 Ω are connected in series to a 40 V supply. Calculate: (a) the total resistance, (b) the current in the circuit, and (c) the voltage across each resistor.

29. Two resistors of 6 Ω and 3 Ω are connected in parallel across a 12 V battery. Calculate: (a) the equivalent resistance, (b) the total current supplied by the battery, and (c) the current through each resistor.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

1. A DC supply of 240 V is connected to a circuit consisting of three resistors of 12 Ω, 18 Ω and 30 Ω connected in series. Calculate:
   - (a) Total circuit resistance.
   - (b) Total current flowing through the circuit.
   - (c) Voltage drop across each resistor.
   - (d) Power dissipated by each resistor.
   - (e) Total electrical energy consumed in 5 hours.

2. Four resistors of 10 Ω, 15 Ω, 20 Ω and 30 Ω are connected in parallel across a 120 V supply. Determine the equivalent resistance, total current, branch currents and total power consumed.
3. A circuit contains two resistors connected in parallel, with an equivalent resistance of 8 Ω. One resistor has a resistance of 12 Ω. Calculate the resistance of the second resistor.
4. A coil having a resistance of 20 Ω and inductance of 0.15 H is connected to a 240 V, 50 Hz AC supply. Determine inductive reactance and current,.
5. A capacitor of 100 μF is connected in series with a resistor of 40 Ω across a 230 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate capacitive reactance, and circuit current.
6. An electric cooker rated at 8 kW is connected to a 230 V supply. Calculate its operating current and determine the energy consumed when operated for 2.5 hours.
7. Two capacitors of 20 μF and 30 μF are connected in series across a 240 V DC supply. Calculate equivalent capacitance, charge stored and voltage across each capacitor.
8. Three capacitors of 10 μF, 20 μF and 40 μF are connected in parallel across a 100 V supply. Calculate total capacitance, total charge and energy stored.
9. A 230 V supply feeds a series circuit containing a 50 Ω resistor, a 0.2 H inductor and a 50 μF capacitor. Calculate inductive reactance, capacitive reactance at 50 Hz.
10. **Practical and Application Questions**

    i. State the importance of using quality electrical installation materials
    ii. What are the dangers of using damaged electrical cables?
    iii. Explain how to identify a short circuit in a house installation.
    iv. A homeowner wants one lamp to be controlled from two different locations. Describe the installation required and draw the circuit diagram.
    v. Design a lighting circuit for a corridor where one lamp must be controlled from three different positions.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
LIFE SKILLS

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Answer all questions clearly and concisely in your subject notebook.
2. Ensure your work is neat, well-organized, and legible.
3. This package is mandatory and must be submitted on the exact day of school opening at my office.

1. (a) Define the term conflict in the context of life skills.
   (b) Differentiate between intrapersonal conflict and interpersonal conflict, giving one clear example for each.

2. Identify and explain four (4) major causes or triggers of conflicts among teenagers or students in a school environment.

3. Discuss three (3) negative psychosocial and academic consequences of unresolved conflicts on a student's personal development.

4. Define and briefly explain the following six (6) strategies used in conflict resolution:
   (a) Negotiation
   (b) Mediation
   (c) Arbitration
   (d) Collaboration
   (e) Compromise
   (f) Avoidance

5. Outline four (4) stages or steps involved in the formal conflict resolution process from identification to the final resolution.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
MOTOR VEHICLE MECHANICS

1. In MVM workshop Personal safety is priority as trained student examine purposes of safety gear in motor vehicle mechanic's workshop.
2. What does 5S stand for? Explain each.
3. List 4 types of fire extinguishers and which fire they extinguish.
4. What are 3 causes of accidents in workshop?
5. Differentiate between spanner and socket wrench.
6. Mention 5 measuring tools and their use
7. What is the use of a torque wrench? Why should we not use it as a hammer?
8. Identify 20 hand tools by name
9. Explain 4-stroke cycle of petrol engine.
10. What is the function of Engine oil? Mention 2 oil grades.
11. List 5 parts of cylinder head.
12. Why do we need cooling system?
13. A customer brings his vehicle for general Check up and ask for engine oil service level? As an expert analyze what you are going to do?
14. Engine is a machine that generates the vehicle power as skilled technician Identify at least five engine components and state their application
15. What is the correct tire pressure for small car? What happens if pressure is low?
16. Mention 3 types of brakes.
17. What is the function of suspension?
18. Explain in short tire pressure and list at least four tools and equipment used in tire pressure refilling
19. With aid of diagram distinguish between electric drill machine and grinder machine.
20. Identify at least five suspension parts and state their application in a vehicle.
21. Define Motor Vehicle Mechanics.
22. List 5 workshop safety rules.
23. Draw and label simple brake system.
24. Explain procedures for replacing spare tires and analyse tools and equipment you may use to perform a task.
25. What is the use of jack stands? Why not use jack only?
26. Name 4 instruments on dashboard and their meaning.
27. Explain difference between petrol and diesel fuel.
28. What do you understand about tire rotation, analyze steps for tire rotation.
29. What is PPE? Give five examples and state their uses.
30. What are the principles and practices for handling mechanical hazards effectively.

NOTE; THERE WILL BE TEST AFTER OPENING THE SCHOOL, SO KEEP ON STUDYING

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
PLUMBING AND PIPE FITTING

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Answer all questions clearly and concisely in your subject notebook.
2. Ensure your work is neat, well-organized, and legible.
3. This package is mandatory and must be submitted on the exact day of school opening at my office.

1. Introduction to Plumbing and Workshop Safety
   (a) Define the term plumbing in the context of building services and civil engineering.
   (b) Identify four (4) Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) required for safety when working in a plumbing workshop, and explain the main function of each.

2. Plumbing Hand Tools and Uses
   State the primary function of each of the following five (5) plumbing tools used in bench work and pipe joining:
   (a) Pipe Wrench (Stillson Wrench)
   (b) Hacksaw
   (c) Pipe Cutter
   (d) Cold Chisel
   (e) Bench Vice

3. Bench Work Mechanics and Operations
   (a) Explain the difference between draw filing and cross filing as applied in finishing metal pipe surfaces.
   (b) Describe three (3) safety precautions to observe when operating a power saw or hand hacksaw during pipe cutting operations.

4. Pipe Fitting and Jointing Techniques
   Define and briefly explain the following five (5) basic pipe fittings and materials used in water supply systems:
   (a) Elbow
   (b) Tee Joint
   (c) Reductions / Reducer
   (d) Thread Seal Tape (Teflon Tape)
   (e) Pipe Nipple

5. Maintenance and Tool Care
   (a) Outline four (4) routine maintenance rules for preserving hand tools and preventing rust in a plumbing workshop.
   (b) State two (2) main causes of pipe corrosion and explain how proper material selection prevents pipe failure.

BAOBAB SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM ONE HOLIDAY PACKAGE
MATHEMATICS

1. (a) Represent the following set of inequalities on a number line.

$$0 < y \leq {}^{5}/_{3}$$

(b) Express $0.08\dot{3} + 0.29696\ldots\ldots$ in the form of ${}^{a}/_{b}$ where a and b are integers and $b \neq 0$.

2. (a) A clothing shop sells T-shirts which are in three colors: red, blue, and green. The colors are in ratio of 3 to 4 to 5, respectively. If the shop has 20 blue T- shirts, find the difference between the red T-shirts and the green T-shirts

(b) The relatives share 180950Tshs so that, the first receives twice as much as second and the second receives twice as much as the third. How much does the first receive?

(c) Janet's mother is five times as old as Janet. After 8 years, her mother will be 4times as old as Janet. Find their present age.

3. (a) Dashi has 83,000 Tanzanian shillings for shopping. If he buys 2 ties and 2 shirts, he remains with 9,000 Tanzanian shillings. If he buys 1 tie and 3 shirts he spends all the money. Find the price of a tie and a shirt.

(b) Represent the solution of the following on a number line

$$|2x - 1| < 3$$

4. (a) Work out 8% of 0.737 correct to
   i. One significant figure
   ii. Three decimal places

(b) By rounding off to two significant figures, find the value of the following expression

$$\frac{0.165 \times 135}{345.51 \times 0.8008}$$

5. (a) Determine the values of m and c such that the straight line $y = mx + c$ will pass through the points (-1, 4) and (3, 5)

(b)Find the value of y if the points A (3, y), B (0, 4) and C (-2, 8) are in the same line.

6.(a) Solve the following simultaneous equations by substitution method

$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{3} = 5$$
$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{6} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

(b) Solve the following simultaneous equations by elimination $\begin{cases} 6a - b = 3 \\ 4a - 3b = -5 \end{cases}$

7. (a)Determine the gradient and y-intercept of the line whose equation is $7x - 2y - 3 = 0$.

   (b)Represent each of the following rational numbers on the same number line

   $$-0.9, -0.8, 0.3, 0.2, 0.7$$

8. (a)Moses spent $\frac{1}{4}$ of his money on food and another $\frac{3}{5}$ on a drink. If he remained with 10,200 Tanzanian Shillings, how much did he have in total?

   (b) Find the value of x if $\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{x-3}{3} \geq \frac{1}{4}$

9. (a) Solve the following simultaneous equation graphically $\begin{cases} -2x + 3y = -7 \\ y + 2x = 11 \end{cases}$

   (b) Solve for x and y if $2^x . 3^y = 144$

   (c) Rationalize the denominator in: $\frac{\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$

10. (a) Find in kilometers per hour, the rate at which a car travels if it goes 115 ½ km in 35 minutes.

    (b) The monthly rent for an apartment varies directly with its area and inversely with the number of roommates. If Tsh 400,000 is the rent for an apartment of 900 square units with 3 roommates, find the rent for an apartment of 1200 square units with 4roommates.

    (c) Mr Njoroge from Nakuru Kenya visited Tanzania. He had 5000 Kenya shillings (Kshs) and wanted to change the money into US dollar. If 1US dollar was equivalent to 2500 Tanzanian shillings(Tshs) and 1Kshs was equivalent to 20Tshs, how much US dollar did he get?

God bless you.